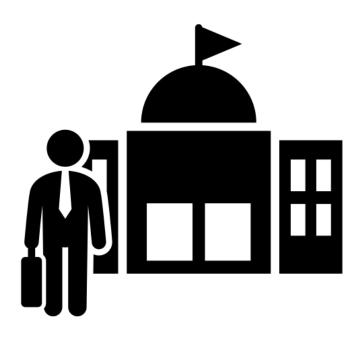


The Public Interest Whistleblower Protection Act for Dummies

What is "adverse treatment"?

Pic: 💎 flaticon





If you are a civil servant



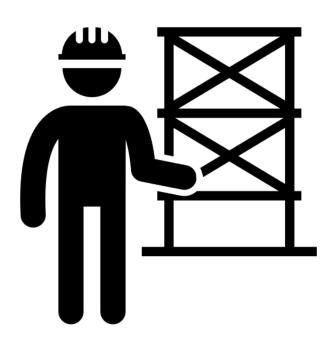






Or you work in the pan-public sector





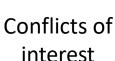
Or your company has an employment, commissioned work, appointment, dispatch, contracting, special agreements, or other contractual relationships with the pan-public sector













Illegal procurement



Damage public welfare

If you discover that personnel in the panpublic sector have violated the law





Supervisor, head



Prosecutorial agencies



Judicial police agencies



Competent Authority



Control Yuan



Government Employee Ethics Unit

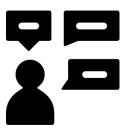
And if you make a real-name report to the agency responsible for receiving whistleblowing reports





Then you are a whistleblower





Expose the above-mentioned violations



Cooperate in the investigation of the above-mentioned violations or serve as a witness



Refuse to take part in the abovementioned violations



Seek remedy after suffering adverse treatment

When you take these actions, government agencies (institutions), legal persons, and individuals may not





Terminate (contract), demote, or punish



Deduct salary, fine, or reduce bonus



Take away privileges



Make adverse changes in workplace location or job duties



impose these adverse treatments on you





Reinstatement to the position or job duties



Restoration of seniority, privileges, or bonuses



Back pay and compensation for property losses



Compensation for nonpecuniary damages and restoration of reputation

If you receive adverse treatment, you may make these requests





Terminate employment contract without notice within 30 days



Seek severance pay within 6 months, pension, and compensation equal to 6 months' wages

Whistleblowers who are not civil servants may also choose to make these claims



Zero tolerance for adverse treatment.

Pic: **₹** flaticon